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12

13 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

14 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION
15

16 IN RE SEAGATE TECHNOLOGY LLC
LITIGATION

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18 CONSOLIDATED ACTION
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Case No. 3:16-cv-00523-JCS

**DECLARATION OF RONALD LANE IN
SUPPORT OF MOTION TO SEAL
PORTIONS OF PLAINTIFFS' MOTION
FOR CLASS CERTIFICATION**

Date: February 9, 2018

Time: 9:30 a.m.

Place: Courtroom G

Judge: Hon. Joseph C. Spero

Second Consolidated Amended Complaint
filed: July 11, 2016

1 I, Ronald Lane, declare as follows:

2 1. I am the Sr. Director of Customer Technical Support of Seagate Technology LLC
3 (“Seagate”). Unless otherwise indicated, I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this
4 declaration, and if called as a witness, could and would competently testify as to their truth.

5 2. I submit this declaration in support of Seagate’s Motion for an Order Sealing
6 Certain Portions of Plaintiffs’ Motion for Class Certification.

7 3. It is my understanding the Plaintiffs filed the Declaration of Steve W. Berman
8 (Berman Decl.) in support of their Motion for Class Certification, ECF No. 136, which attaches 53
9 exhibits, 33 of which were designated as either “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
10 CONFIDENTIAL” under the Stipulated Protective Order in this case, ECF Nos. 133, 138-140
11 (Administrative Motion to Seal; Motion to Remove Incorrectly Filed Document; Administrative
12 Motion to File Under Seal Unredacted Version of Exhibit 28). It is also my understanding that
13 portions of Plaintiffs’ Motion for Class Certification and the Declarations of Stefan Boedeker and
14 Andrew Hospodor (Hospodor Decl.) reference or incorporate materials that have also been
15 designated as CONFIDENTIAL by Seagate pursuant to the Stipulated Protective Order and
16 provisionally filed under seal.

17 4. Due to the confidential nature of the information in certain of these documents,
18 Seagate seeks an order sealing these documents from the public record as set forth in the chart
19 below. As will be explained *infra*, these documents contain trade secret information, from which
20 Seagate derives independent economic value because the information in these documents is not
21 generally known to the public. Because of the sensitive nature of these documents, Seagate takes
22 great efforts to protect their secrecy. Indeed, Seagate only produced these documents in this
23 litigation subject to the Stipulated Protective Order, and has marked these documents as
24 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL.” Further, Seagate has a compelling reason
25 for desiring this sensitive business information not to be released to its competitors or the public:
26 namely, because there is a risk of competitive harm should this information be generally known.

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Document Filed Under Seal by Plaintiffs	Portion(s) Sought To Be Sealed
Declaration of Steve W. Berman in Support of Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Certification	<p>Exhibit 9</p> <p>A portion of Exhibit 20, attached hereto as Exhibit A</p> <p>Exhibit 21</p> <p>Exhibit 22</p> <p>Exhibit 23</p> <p>Exhibit 24</p> <p>A portion of Exhibit 25, attached hereto as Exhibit B</p> <p>Exhibit 26</p> <p>A portion of Exhibit 28, attached hereto as Exhibit C</p> <p>Exhibit 36</p> <p>Exhibit 38</p> <p>Exhibit 39</p> <p>Exhibit 40</p> <p>Exhibit 42</p> <p>Exhibit 43</p> <p>Exhibit 44</p> <p>Exhibit 45</p> <p>Exhibit 46</p> <p>Exhibit 48</p> <p>Exhibit 49</p> <p>With the exception of the exhibits identified above, Seagate does not seek to maintain the remaining Exhibits 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 18, 19, 41, 47, and 51 under seal.</p>
Portions of Declaration of Stefan Boedeker in Support of Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Certification	Seagate does not seek to seal the Boedeker declaration.
Portions of Declaration of Andrew Hospodor in Support of Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Certification	<p>A portion of ¶ 2</p> <p>¶ 17</p> <p>¶¶ 23-212, and corresponding figures and footnotes</p> <p>With the exception of the portions identified above, Seagate does not seek to maintain the remaining designated material under seal.</p>
Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Certification	<p>Portions of 1:19-1:21 (citing generally Hospodor Decl.)</p> <p>2:5-2:6 (citing Hospodor Decl., ¶¶ 183-193, 176)</p> <p>7:11-14 (quoting Berman Decl., Ex. 20)</p> <p>8:5-12 (citing Hospodor Decl., ¶¶ 65, 83-84)</p> <p>8:14 (citing Hospodor Decl., ¶ 135; Berman</p>

Document Filed Under Seal by Plaintiffs	Portion(s) Sought To Be Sealed
	Decl., Ex. 21) 8:16-17 (citing Hospodor Decl., ¶¶ 118-169, 193) 8:23-9:6 (citing Hospodor Decl., ¶¶ 183-193, 176; Berman Decl., Exs. 22, 23) 9:13-14 (citing Hospodor Decl., ¶207) 9:15-16 (citing Hospodor Decl., ¶ 210; Berman Decl., Ex. 26) 13:8-10 & n.48 (Berman Decl., Exs. 20, 36) With the exception of the portions identified above, Seagate does not seek to maintain the remaining designated material under seal.

I. Exhibits to the Declaration of Steve W. Berman Should Be Sealed

5. The exhibits to the Declaration of Steve W. Berman that Seagate seeks to seal include (1) information that is treated as confidential by Seagate and would be of value to Seagate's competitors if it were to be disclosed, which would cause Seagate financial and competitive harm, and (2) personal information of Seagate's customers, which Seagate has a legal obligation to protect. Several of these exhibits detail Seagate's business strategies, from which Seagate derives value based on the fact that this information is not generally known to the public.

6. For example, Exhibit 9 sets forth Seagate's internal packaging guidelines, which synthesizes the marketing strategy developed by Seagate employees, and Seagate's protocol for designing its products' marketing materials and featuring them on its products.

7. Exhibit 20 includes an email string that discusses Seagate's internal strategy and procedure for updating one of its marketing materials, its Storage Solutions Guide. Seagate seeks only to redact this email chain, as reflected in **Exhibit A**, attached hereto.

8. Exhibit 21 is an email string that details the project status of a particular team at Seagate, the data it has collected from product testing, and its plans for further product testing and development.

9. Similarly, Exhibit 22 is a Decision Brief assembled by Seagate detailing the results of its testing and analysis of an Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) customer's hard drives. In this report, Seagate details the analyses it ran, suggests a design change to resolve issues seen

1 with the hard drives in this particular OEM's environment, and summarizes its communications
2 with its customer. Both documents reflect the manner in which Seagate tests its drives and
3 develops its products, as well as confidential communications with an OEM customer subject to a
4 confidentiality agreement.

5 10. Exhibit 23 is an email string, which discusses information set forth in a Consumer
6 Technical Support Weekly Status Report that Seagate assembles to keep track of customer
7 complaints and trends. As such, the report lists customer information and customer issues with
8 Seagate drives, which could be used by competitors to Seagate's disadvantage.

9 11. Exhibit 24 is a Customer Advocacy report assembled by Seagate that details
10 Seagate's global strategic priorities regarding its reliability and quality control initiatives, and
11 analyzes Seagate's progress on certain initiatives.

12 12. Further, Exhibits 25, 42, and 44 detail Seagate's internal response to the Backblaze
13 blog post and online content which discussed the Backblaze blog post. These emails detail the
14 strategy Seagate ultimately developed to understand the cause of the problems Backblaze reported,
15 as well as to address public concerns arising out of the Backblaze post. In addition to Exhibits 42
16 and 44, Seagate seeks to seal a portion of Exhibit 25 (SEAG0010102), reflected in **Exhibit B**,
17 attached hereto, which includes a private email from a Seagate employee to Seagate's Customer
18 Technical Support department asking about the article in a manner that could be misused by
19 competitors to harm Seagate's competitive standing.

20 13. Exhibit 26 includes the personal identifying information of Seagate's customers,
21 including their names, phone numbers, and personal email addresses, as well as their emails to
22 Seagate customer service. Further, both Exhibit 26 and Exhibit 36¹ show logs from customer
23 service interactions with a consumers. These logs demonstrate Seagate's proprietary method for
24 tracking and managing consumer communications through email and chat features.

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27 ¹ Exhibit 36 is also irrelevant as the interaction, on its face, involves a consumer contacting
28 Seagate about one terabyte hard drives, not the ST3000DM001. *See* Berman Decl., Ex. 36 at
FED_SEAG0035342 (Message 11).

1 14. Exhibit 28 includes Seagate's Supplemental Responses to Plaintiffs' First Set of
2 Interrogatories, Nos. 1, 2, and 8. These responses reveal Seagate's confidential financial data. To
3 narrowly tailor its sealing request, Seagate has redacted only portions of its Supplemental
4 Responses, as reflected in **Exhibit C**, attached hereto.

5 15. Exhibits 38 and 39 are letters to Seagate's Authorized Distributors (AD) in the
6 United States and Latin America detailing (1) the rebates available to Seagate's AD's per a
7 product, and includes a list of Seagate's Authorized Distributors, and (2) setting forth
8 modifications to the warranty duration on some of Seagate's products and Seagate's strategy in
9 adopting a different warranty period. All of this is information that Seagate discloses only to its
10 ADs, and, if discovered by Seagate's competitors, such information could be used to undercut
11 Seagate's relationship with its ADs and its competitive position in the hard drive marketplace.

12 16. Exhibit 40 is a Seagate Product Update presentation, which details Seagate's design
13 process, sets forth proprietary marketing and consumer research, and outlines Seagate's strategy
14 for making product decisions, market-growth projections, and current sales data.

15 17. Exhibit 43 is an internal email chain discussing Seagate's sales strategy, including a
16 discussion of Seagate's approach to "set [its] Sales teams apart from other companies' sales
17 teams"

18 18. Exhibits 45 and 48 are a Technical Customer Management report and Simple
19 Storage Core Team report, respectively, which outline Seagate's product development focuses and
20 the status of various projects, as well as Seagate's overall product strategy.

21 19. Similarly, Exhibit 46 is a weekly report put together by a Seagate employee
22 detailing the development status of various products.

23 20. Exhibit 49 is an internal email chain about an issue a consumer experienced with
24 his hard drive and the testing that occurred on the drive. This email chain shows Seagate's failure
25 and error analysis processes, as well as its methods of responding to online consumer feedback.

26 21. All of these documents show Seagate's internal business strategies and decision
27 making processes. Seagate goes to great lengths to ensure the confidentiality of its documents:
28 for example, as a general matter, any presentations generated by Seagate employees are marked

1 confidential and disclosure is limited and internal to Seagate, employees include non-transmittal
 2 disclosures in their emails, and Seagate enters into non-disclosure agreements with its customers,
 3 distributors, and OEMs.

4 **II. Portions of the Declaration of Andrew Hospodor That Should Be Sealed**

5 22. As admitted in Mr. Hospodor's declaration, his analysis entails a review of, *inter*
 6 *alia*, "Seagate's Drive Development and Manufacturing Process[,] Seagate's product testing
 7 procedures throughout the lifecycle of its products, its analysis of return trends and how its
 8 products perform in the field, and its long-term performance objectives. The documents analyzed
 9 by Mr. Hospodor detail Seagate's proprietary information, which could be used by Seagate's
 10 competitors to replicate its testing methods and predict Seagate's future strategies.

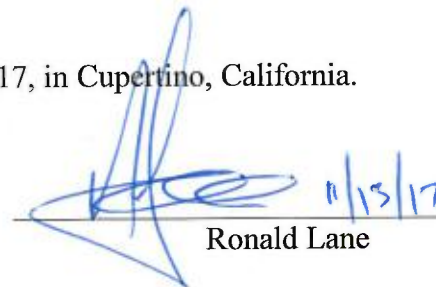
11 23. Paragraph 17 and a portion of paragraph 2 set forth the conclusions Mr. Hospodor
 12 reached based on his review of the confidential procedures cited in paragraphs 23-212. As a
 13 result, they should be sealed as well.

14 **III. The Portions of Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Certification That Cite the Confidential**
 15 **Information in the Hospodor Declaration and Berman Declaration Should Be Sealed**

16 24. The portions of Plaintiffs' Motion for Class Certification that reference the
 17 confidential information in the exhibits to the Berman Declaration and in the Hospodor
 18 Declaration, reflected in the table at Paragraph 4, *supra*, should be sealed for the same reasons set
 19 forth above.

20 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is
 21 true and correct.

22 Executed on this 14th day of November, 2017, in Cupertino, California.

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 25 Ronald Lane
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